

## GCE

# **Chemistry A**

Advanced GCE

Unit F324: Rings, Polymers and Analysis

## Mark Scheme for January 2011

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of pupils of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, OCR Nationals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by Examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

#### © OCR 2011

Any enquiries about publications should be addressed to:

OCR Publications PO Box 5050 Annesley NOTTINGHAM NG15 0DL

Telephone: 0870 770 6622 Facsimile: 01223 552610

E-mail: publications@ocr.org.uk

## ALLOW Kekulé structures throughout

Q	uestic	n	Answer		ALLOW HORard Structu		Guidance
Q 1		on		correct intermediate curly arrow from C–H bond back to reform ring  ✓ ✓  r intermediate r curly arrow	CH <sub>3</sub> + H <sup>+</sup> NO <sub>2</sub> correct products	Mark 4	ALLOW skeletal CH <sub>3</sub> ALLOW ¹st curly arrow from the ring OR from within the ring to any part of the NO <sub>2</sub> † including the + charge DO NOT ALLOW intermediate with broken ring less than halfway down:  CH <sub>3</sub> ALLOW Kekulé mechanism:  CH <sub>3</sub> CH

Question Answer		Mark	Guidance
1 (b )	$O_2N$ $O_2$ $O_2N$ $O_2$ $O_2$		ALLOW any correct unambiguous structures  ALLOW NO <sub>2</sub> —  Note: connectivity is NOT being assessed in this part
	NO <sub>2</sub>	2	
1 (c)	1st stage isomer: isomer 3 ✓ product:  CH <sub>3</sub> reagents: Sn AND (conc) HCI ✓ equation:  CH <sub>3</sub> + 12 [H]  + 4 H <sub>2</sub> O NH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> V NH <sub>2</sub> V		ALLOW structure of isomer 3 shown separately OR in equation  ALLOW structure of product shown separately OR in equation ALLOW correct name (3,5-diaminomethylbenzene) IGNORE incorrect name DO NOT ALLOW CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> (NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ALLOW Zn + HCl/H <sub>2</sub> + metal catalyst/LiAlH <sub>4</sub> /Na in ethanol IGNORE NaBH <sub>4</sub> ALLOW Sn and HCl followed by NaOH DO NOT ALLOW Sn and HCl and NaOH  IF isomer 3 OR product are given in equation but not shown previously then credit here  Also credit reagents here if shown (eg above arrow)  ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(c) (i)	2nd stage organic compound: HOOC−CH₂−COOH ✓	6	DO NOT ALLOW molecular formula  ALLOW name of compound: propanedioic acid OR propane-1,3-dioic acid ALLOW absence of 'e' after 'propan'  ALLOW acyl dichloride: CIOC-CH <sub>2</sub> -COCl ALLOW cyclic acid anhydride of propanedioic acid:  CH <sub>2</sub> O C C C C C C
	type of polymer. polyamide ✓		ALLOW Nylon or Kevlar DO NOT ALLOW polypeptide DO NOT ALLOW amide
	Total	12	

	Quest	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance	
2	(a)		propane-1,2,3-triol ✓	1	ALLOW absence of 'e' after 'propan' ALLOW 1,2,3-propanetriol  ALLOW absence of hyphens  1, 2 and 3 must be clearly separated: ALLOW full stops: 1.2.3 OR spaces: 1 2 3 DO NOT ALLOW 123	
2	(b)	(i)	methanol OR ethanol AND		BOTH points required for the mark ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae	
			renewable ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> easy/cheap to manufacture/produce as alternative for renewable/from plants/from fermentation/burns more easily/efficiently	
	(b)	(ii)	equilibrium shifts to right ✓	1	ALLOW equilibrium shifts in forward direction ALLOW more products form ALLOW greater yield OR fully reacts OR goes to completion  DO NOT ALLOW improves atom economy	

	Questi	ion	Answer		Guidance
2	(c)		CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH + CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH → CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O ✓		ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae
			$(CH_3CH_2CO)_2O + CH_3CH_2OH \rightarrow CH_3CH_2COOCH_2CH_3 + CH_3CH_2COOH$	2	<b>ALLOW</b> further esterification, <i>ie</i> $(CH_3CH_2CO)_2O + 2CH_3CH_2OH \rightarrow 2CH_3CH_2COOCH_2CH_3 + H_2O$
					ALLOW linear formula for anhydride, ie
					CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOCOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
					If incorrect carboxylic acid/anhydride/alcohol is used, <b>ALLOW ECF</b> for second equation

C	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance		
2	(d)		A	В	С		Mark A, B and C
			HO-CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -COOH	$H_2C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$	O    O-CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -C		<ul> <li>A can be any of the alternatives in the 1st column</li> <li>B can be any of the alternatives in the 2nd column</li> </ul>
			OR	OR	OR		C can be any of the
			CH <sub>3</sub>   HO—CH—CH₂-COOH	H <sub>2</sub> C—C	CH <sub>3</sub> O      O—CH—CH <sub>2</sub> —C	3	alternatives in the 3rd column  ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula
			OR	OR	OR		ALLOW combination of
			C₂H₅   HO—CH—COOH	$C_2H_5$ CH—C O	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O      O——CH——C		formulae as long as unambiguous <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> molecular formulae
			OR	OR	OR		
			СН <sub>3</sub>   НО—СН <sub>2</sub> —СН—СООН	CH—C             	CH <sub>3</sub> O      OCH <sub>2</sub> CH		ALLOW correct names for A, B and C  For B accept diester For C,
			OR	OR	OR		IGNORE 'n' OR brackets
			СН <sub>3</sub>   НО—С—СООН   СН <sub>3</sub>	H <sub>3</sub> C C C O	CH <sub>3</sub> O         CH <sub>3</sub> C		(even if wrong); <b>ALLOW</b> solid side bonds  Minimum is <b>one</b> correct repeat unit. Polymer must be open at both ends
					Total	8	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3 (a)	observation: silver <b>OR</b> Ag ✓  type of reaction: oxidation ✓  organic product:  H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH  CH <sub>3</sub> ✓	3	ALLOW black OR grey  ALLOW redox  ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae  ALLOW carboxylate, -COO-
3 (b)	1 mark for correct dipole on C=O AND curly arrow from O⁻ to H of H−O−H AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H  AND curly arrow from H−O to O of H−O−H ✓	4	ALLOW mechanism showing curly arrows from lone pair on H <sup>-</sup> and O <sup>-</sup> of intermediate  Dipole not required on H–O–H DO NOT ALLOW incorrect dipole on H–O–H ALLOW 1 mark for correct intermediate with '–' charge on O AND curly arrow from O <sup>-</sup> to H <sup>+</sup> IGNORE missing OH <sup>-</sup> DO NOT ALLOW incorrect second product

Question	Answer		Guidance
Question 3 (c)	Answer  reagent. Br₂ ✓  observation: decolourised <b>OR</b> orange to colourless ✓  organic product. ✓  H₃C CH₃ H Br CH₃  Br CH₃	Mark 3	DO NOT ALLOW ECF from incorrect reagent, eg 2,4-DNP  DO NOT ALLOW goes clear ALLOW red/orange/yellow/brown in any combination  ALLOW organic product from reaction of one of the double bonds only, ie  H <sub>3</sub> C  CH <sub>3</sub> H <sub>3</sub> C  CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous
			DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae  ALTERNATIVE reagents  For 1st mark, ALLOW H <sub>2</sub> OR Cl <sub>2</sub> OR I <sub>2</sub> OR HCl OR HBr OR HI OR H <sub>2</sub> O  For 2nd mark, there must be a statement of no change OR no observation or similar that implies there is no visible change EXCEPT for I <sub>2</sub> which has an observation of 'decolourised' OR brown to colourless  For 3rd mark,
		42	correct organic product must be shown that could be from reaction of both or one of the double bonds.
	Total	10	

(	Quest	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	$CICH(CH_3)COOH + 3NH_3 \rightarrow H_2NCH(CH_3)COO^- + NH_4^+ + NH_4CI$	1	ALLOW use of two NH <sub>3</sub> : $C \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
	(a)	(ii)	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	1	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous  ALLOW product from carboxylate ion as nucleophile:  CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> N—C—COO—C—COOH

C	uesti	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	(b)	(i)	ON HO O	1	DO NOT ALLOW any structure containing C OR H (except in OH)
	(b)	(ii)	CH <sub>2</sub> COOH H <sub>2</sub> N COOH HOOC NH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	2	ALL bond linkages must be correct, eg the chiral C must be linked to the C of the COOH, the C of the CH <sub>2</sub> COOH and the N of the NH <sub>2</sub> (connectivity is being tested)  The 2nd mark is for the mirror image of an amino acid. This could be any amino acid EXCEPT glycine  DO NOT penalise connectivity more than once ALLOW R in equation in place of CH <sub>2</sub> COOH (either or both sides)  Each structure must have four central bonds, with at least two wedges, one in; one out  For bond into paper, accept:
4	(c)		Disadvantages  Any two from:  • (one stereoisomer might have harmful) side effects ✓ • reduces the (pharmacological) activity/effectiveness ✓ • cost OR difficulty in separating stereoisomers ✓  Synthesis of a single optical isomer  Any two from: • using enzymes or bacteria ✓ • using a chiral catalyst OR transition metal complex/transition metal catalyst ✓ • using chiral synthesis OR chiral starting material OR natural amino acid ✓	2 max 2 max	ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED  ALLOW optical isomer OR enantiomers as alternative for stereoisomers  ALLOW a response that implies an increased dose  ALLOW biological catalyst  ALLOW 'chiral pool' OR L-amino acids OR D-sugars
			Total	8	

	Quest	tion	Answer	Mark	Guidance	
5	(a)	(i)	Adsorption ✓ (onto the stationary phase)		ALLOW adsorbtion or adsorb(s) or adsorbed spelled correctly at least once	
			Quality of Written Communication 'Adsorption' must be spelled correctly	1	DO NOT ALLOW anything that begins with ab	
	(a)	(ii)	0.2 ✓	1	ALLOW any value in the range 0.1 – 0.3 IGNORE significant figures DO NOT ALLOW fraction/percent as final answer	
	(a)	(iii)	Spot may contain more than one compound/component ✓	1	ALLOW compounds have similar $R_f$ values/adsorptions OR compounds have not (fully) separated OR B is spread over a large region OR compounds are similar IGNORE retention times	
5	(b)	(i)	GC separates the components/compounds  AND		ALLOW chromatography for GC ALLOW they have different retention times	
			MS is compared to a database/reference ✓	1	ALLOW MS analyses compounds/gives structural information/gives different mass spectra ALLOW (uses) fragmentation patterns/fragments/peaks/parts of the compound DO NOT ALLOW MS identifies compounds (in question) DO NOT ALLOW molecular ion alone/M <sub>r</sub> etc.	
		(ii)	nerol and geraniol AND		Compounds AND reason required for the mark	
			they are stereoisomers <b>OR</b> primary alcohols ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> they are <i>E/Z</i> isomers <b>OR</b> <i>cis-trans</i> isomers <b>ALLOW</b> straight-chain alcohols <b>OR</b> unsaturated alcohols	
		(iii)	stereoisomers have the same structural formula  AND		BOTH points required for the mark	
			different 3D arrangements ✓	1	ALLOW different arrangements in space	
		(iv)		1	Circle must include the correct C=C double bond <b>AND</b> must not extend further than the adjacent atoms in the main chain, ie limit is:	

,	Quest	tion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(b)	(v)	* * * *	2	ALL THREE chiral centres required for 2 marks  ANY TWO chiral centres required for 1 mark  If more than three asterisks are shown, mark incorrect asterisk(s) first
5	(c)		Correctly calculates amount of myrcene = 34/136 <b>OR</b> 0.25 (mol) ✓  Correctly calculates 60% yield of menthol = 0.25 × 60/100 <b>OR</b> 0.15 (mol) ✓  Correctly calculates mass of menthol = 0.15 × 156 = 23.4 (g) ✓	3	ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED  ALLOW amount of myrcene × 60/100  ALLOW amount of menthol × 156  ALLOW alternative approach based on reacting masses (using same ECF principles as above):  correctly calculates mass of myrcene that could be obtained from 34 g myrcene:  mass = 34 × 156/136 = 39 (g)  × 156 ✓; ÷ 136 ✓  60% of 39 g = 39 × 60/100 = 23.4 (g) ✓  ALLOW final answer to 2 or more significant figures correctly rounded  Correct answer of 23.4 (g) with no working scores all 3 marks
			Total	12	

	Question	Answer		Guidance	
6	(a)			ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED	
		a singlet for position 2 OR a singlet because it has no adjacent H's✓ A triplet for positions 4 and 6 OR a triplet because it has 2 adjacent H's ✓ A quintet for position 5 OR a quintet because it has four adjacent H's ✓	3	ALLOW a response that implies a single peak OR 'no splitting'  ALLOW a response that implies a splitting into three DO NOT ALLOW implications of more than one triplet  ALLOW 'pentet' OR a response that implies a splitting into five OR multiplet  ALLOW 1 mark for singlet and triplet and quintet/pentet/multiplet with no identification of protons  Any suggestion that the oxygens cause a splitting scores a maximum of 2 marks.  ■ All 3 remaining splitting patterns correct 2 marks.  ■ Any 2 correct 1 mark.  IF number labels for protons in diagram are not identified, ALLOW identification by chemical shifts for 2 marks max:  ■ singlet at 3.3–4.2 AND a triplet at 3.3–4.2 ✓  ■ quintet/pentet/multiplet at 0.7–2.0 ✓  Clear and unambiguous identification of the protons other than by position number should be credited, ie  'CH₂ between two oxygens'	
		Quality of Written Communication singlet OR triplet OR quintet OR pentet OR multiplet (see Guidance) must be spelled correctly at least once			

Question	Answer		Guidance	
6 (b)	ANY 5 marks plus correct structure (in box)		ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED	
	Molecular ion/M <sup>+</sup> peak at (m/z of) 106 ✓		ALLOW molecular mass OR relative molecular mass	
	Fragment peak at 91 is C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> −CH <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup> /C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> −CH <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup> ✓		ALLOW C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> –CH <sub>3</sub> /C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> –CH <sub>2</sub> ALLOW peak at 91 represents loss of CH <sub>3</sub>	
	Molecular formula is C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>10</sub> (or implied, <i>ie</i> any one of the structures below) ✓		ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula ALLOW combination of formulae as long as unambiguous ALLOW a correct name eg a dimethylbenzene	
	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>		ALL FOUR structures needed for 1 mark ALLOW correct names	
	The spectrum shows 5 C environments ✓  Peak near 20 is a C attached at another carbon, C–C  OR peaks at ~125–140 for aromatic Cs ✓		ALLOW NMR spectrum shows five different types of carbon DO NOT ALLOW 'NMR spectrum has five peaks' – the mark is for realising what the peaks show, not for just describing the spectrum	

	Question		Answer			Mark	Guidance
6			Number of peaks for of structures:  Any 2 correct for 2 mand 1 correct for 1 mark   CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	nrks √ √	atched to  C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> 6 peaks		ALLOW 'carbon environments' for peaks
			Correct structure show	vn: CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> ✓		6	
	Total					9	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

## 14 – 19 Qualifications (General)

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

### www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

**OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)** 

**Head office** 

Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553

